

ASX Release / 27 September 2024

Corporate Governance Statement

EcoGraf Limited (EcoGraf or the Company) (ASX: **EGR**; FSE: **FMK**; OTCQB: **ECGFF**) provides the following in accordance with the ASX Listing Rules:

1. Corporate Governance Statement.
2. Appendix 4G.

This announcement is authorised for release by Andrew Spinks, Managing Director.

For further information, please contact:

INVESTORS

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About EcoGraf

EcoGraf is building a vertically integrated battery anode materials business to produce high purity graphite products for the lithium-ion battery and advanced manufacturing markets. Over US\$30 million has been invested to date to create a highly attractive graphite mining and mineral processing business.

In Tanzania, the Company is developing the TanzGraphite natural flake graphite business, commencing with the Epanko Graphite Project, to provide a long-term, scalable supply of feedstock for EcoGraf™ battery anode material processing facilities, together with high quality large flake graphite products for specialised industrial applications.

Using its environmentally superior EcoGraf HFfree™ purification technology, the Company will upgrade the flake graphite to produce 99.95%C high performance battery anode material to supply electric vehicle, battery and anode manufacturers in Asia, Europe and North America as the world transitions to clean, renewable energy.

Battery recycling is critical to improving supply chain sustainability and the Company's successful application of the EcoGraf™ purification process to recycle battery anode material provides it with a unique ability to support customers to reduce CO₂ emissions and lower battery costs.

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**CORPORATE
GOVERNANCE
STATEMENT**



ABN 15 117 330 757



Corporate Governance Statement

The Board of Directors of EcoGraf Limited (“EcoGraf” or “the Company”) is responsible for the corporate governance framework of the Company. The Board has considered and reports against the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition) as published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council (“ASX Corporate Governance Principles”) on 27 February 2019.

The ASX Corporate Governance Principles articulate eight core principles of good corporate governance and for each of those principles, recommendations as to their implementation. Adoption of the recommendations is not compulsory, however under the Listing Rules of ASX Limited a listed entity is required to provide an annual statement disclosing the extent to which it has adopted the recommendations for the reporting period and if it has not adopted any of the recommendations, to state the reasons for not following the recommendations.

The Company has adopted an updated Corporate Governance Plan that is supplemented by policies and procedures which together the Company believes comply with the Fourth Edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

The Company’s Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company’s website (<https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/>) and should be read in conjunction with the Directors’ Report and the Remuneration Report contained in the Company’s 2024 Annual Report.

The information in this statement is current and has been approved by the Board on 27 September 2024. This statement is also provided on the Company’s website at <https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/>.

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

ROLE OF THE BOARD

The Board of EcoGraf is responsible for setting the Company’s strategic direction and providing effective governance over EcoGraf’s affairs in conjunction with the overall supervision of the Company’s business with the view to maximising shareholder value. Key responsibilities are documented in the Board Charter.

In accordance with EcoGraf’s Constitution, the Board has appointed one of their members to the position of Managing Director with responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Company and who exercises those powers subject to any limits determined by the Board. The Managing Director and executives comprise the management team of the Company.

The Board ensures that the management team is appropriately qualified and experienced to discharge their delegated responsibilities and that the Board has appropriate procedures in place to assess the performance of the Managing Director and management team. The Managing Director is responsible for supervising the management of the business as designated by the Board. This separation of accountabilities ensures the appropriate independent functioning of the Board and management.

OTHER FUNCTIONS RESERVED FOR THE BOARD INCLUDE:

- reviewing and approving financial reports;
- assessing, approving and monitoring major capital expenditures, investments and business transactions;
- identifying, assessing and monitoring significant risks;
- monitoring the effectiveness of the Company’s governance practices;
- establishing the Company’s capital management policy; and
- overseeing the Company’s compliance and continuous disclosure processes.

ROLE OF MANAGEMENT

Management is responsible for providing relevant, timely and accurate information to the Board to enable it to discharge its responsibilities. Management as a whole is charged with reporting to the Board on the performance of the Company.

BOARD CHARTER

The Company has adopted a Board Charter that sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chairperson and management and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.

The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairperson and Joint Company Secretaries, the establishment, operation and management of any Board Committees and details of the Board's relationship with management.

A copy of the Company's Board Charter (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website.

This complies with Recommendation 1.1 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

BOARD AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL APPOINTMENTS

Prior to making an appointment of directors or key management personnel, the Company undertakes appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history, as appropriate) to ensure that candidates are identified with the necessary expertise and experience to enhance the Company's capacity to protect and grow shareholder value. Prior to the appointment or re-election of directors, shareholders are provided with all material information in its possession which is relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director, including the skills and experience of candidates, together with a statement of whether the Board supports the appointment or re-election.

The terms of appointment of all directors and key management personnel are agreed upon and set out in writing at the time of appointment.

This complies with Recommendations 1.2 and 1.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Board Charter outlines the role, responsibilities and accountability of the Company Secretary. The Company has appointed Joint Company Secretaries, who support the effectiveness of the Board by monitoring that Board policy and procedures are being followed and by coordinating the timely completion and despatch of Board agendas and briefing papers. A Company Secretary is appointed by the Board and is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairperson, on all matters to do with the functioning of the Board.

This complies with Recommendation 1.4 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy, which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan and is available on the Company's website. The policy sets out the Company's aims and practices in relation to recognising and respecting diversity in employment and reinforces the Company's commitment to actively managing diversity as a means of enhancing the Company's performance by recognising and utilising the contributions of diverse skills and talent from its employees. The Diversity Policy reflects the matters set out in the commentary and guidance for Recommendation 1.5.

The Board has not set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in accordance with its Diversity Policy. The Company employs a diverse range of individuals reflecting its philosophy of hiring the best available candidates for all positions, at all levels, based on competence and performance. The Company believes in the principle of equal opportunity in employment for all people, regardless of gender, sexual preference, marital status, pregnancy, family responsibilities, ethnicity, political or religious belief, cultural background, disability and age.

In terms of the composition of the Board and nominations, the Board considers the ASX Corporate Governance Principles as part of the overall Board appointment process when determining the composition of the Board that is appropriate for the Company. EcoGraf focuses on attracting, developing and retaining persons who are highly competent and that demonstrate the values of the Company.

At the date of this statement 33% of the roles within the organisation are held by women, one of whom holds a directorship role in Tanzania.

Due to the constantly evolving environment in which the Company operates, it does not believe that establishing measurable diversity objectives is appropriate at this time. The Board will review this position on an annual basis and will implement measurable objectives as and when they deem the Company to require them. EcoGraf is not considered a “relevant employer” under the *Workplace Gender Equality Act* and is not required to report against the Gender Equality Indicators as defined by the Act.

This is a departure from Recommendation 1.5 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

BOARD PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The performance of the Board, its committee and individual directors is evaluated in accordance with the Performance Evaluation Policy. This assessment includes an evaluation of the appropriateness of the skills and attributes of the members of the Board against the Company’s requirements. The annual review of performance of the Board, its committee and individual directors for the 2024 financial year will be carried out in accordance with the disclosed process.

This complies with Recommendation 1.6 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

SENIOR EXECUTIVE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The performance of senior executives is evaluated in accordance with the Performance Evaluation Policy. The Managing Director is responsible for reviewing the performance of senior executives as necessary. Executive performance evaluations involve an assessment of the performance of executives against individual and collective accountabilities for the achievement of key objectives determined as part of the Company’s business planning processes. The annual review of performance of the senior executives for the 2024 financial year was carried out in accordance with the disclosed process.

This complies with Recommendation 1.7 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee in September 2023 that consists of three members and is chaired by independent non-executive director, Mr Keith Jones. The Nomination and Remuneration Charter sets out its role, responsibilities and membership requirements.

Prior to establishing the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in accordance with the Company’s Board Charter, the Board carried out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the

Nomination and Remuneration Committee under the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter. Functions with respect to the selection, appointment and compensation of directors, Board succession and related matters are also performed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, including the following processes to address succession issues and to ensure the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the Company to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively:

- devoting time to consider Board succession issues; and
- ensuring all Board members are involved in the Company's nomination processes, to the maximum extent permitted under the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* ("Corporations Act") and ASX Listing Rules.

It is in the best interests of shareholders for the Company to attract and retain a highly skilled Board and executive team with the necessary experience and capabilities to enhance the Company's capacity to protect and grow shareholder value. Remuneration policies are determined by the Board on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in order to achieve this objective, while ensuring cash and equity rewards are consistent with practices among comparable listed entities and reflect prevailing market conditions.

Key considerations for the Nomination and Remuneration Committee when determining new appointments include:

- advice from external consultants;
- skills, knowledge and experience required for the role;
- succession planning;
- current scale and complexity of the Company's business activities; and
- ability of the candidate to assist the Board in creating value for shareholders.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website.

This complies with Recommendation 2.1 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The Board is comprised of the following directors:

Robert Pett	Independent, Non-Executive Chairperson	(appointed 9 November 2015)
Andrew Spinks	Managing Director	(appointed 20 July 2012)
John Conidi	Independent, Non-Executive Director	(appointed 4 May 2015)
Keith Jones	Independent, Non-Executive Director	(appointed 23 May 2023)

Details of each director's relevant skills and experience are provided in the Company's 2024 Annual Report and are also available on its website.

BOARD SKILLS AND EXPERIENCE

The Board considers it essential that its members possess the range of skills and experience necessary to guide the Company through project development, production and sales. Directors are identified to ensure that the Board has a balance of expertise in business administration, operational leadership, technical development and marketing.

The Company has developed a broad-based Board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the Board currently has (or is looking to achieve) and this is periodically reviewed against the Company's Board representative's skills to ensure the appropriate mix of skills and expertise is present to facilitate successful strategic direction.

The skills matrix and the average rating (using a scale of 1 (developing) to 3 (highly experienced)) for the current Board of directors is as follows:

Expertise or experience	Average
Strategy	3.00
Commercial acumen	3.00
Executive leadership	3.00
Capital markets	3.00
Financial literacy	3.00
Legal, governance and compliance	2.00
Risk management	2.38
Human resources, health and safety	2.00
Environment and sustainability	2.00
Investor relations	3.00
Public relations	2.25
Government relations	3.00
Diversity	2.00
Organisational culture	3.00
Remuneration structure, including incentives	2.00
Crisis management	2.00
Restructuring and business continuity	2.00
Industry	2.30
Operational	1.86

Succession planning is conducted on an informal basis to support decisions about appointments and to maintain the level of Board capability required to successfully guide the Company through each stage of its development.

The Board has regard to the Company's Diversity Policy and Board Charter and will aim to achieve diversity and independence in its membership where possible, whilst having regard to the size and nature of the existing Board, and the scale of the Company's operations.

This complies with Recommendation 2.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

INDEPENDENCE OF DIRECTORS

Directors are considered to be independent when their interests are not aligned with the interests of management, substantial shareholders or other relevant stakeholders. The definition of independence and factors set out in box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles is taken into account by the Company when determining the independence of directors.

The Board considers that Messrs Robert Pett, John Conidi and Keith Jones are independent directors who have no interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles. Andrew Spinks does not satisfy the tests of independence as detailed in the ASX Corporate Governance Principles as he is an executive director, which is an indication of not being independent pursuant to those tests.

The Company's annual report discloses the length of service of each director in the Directors' Report.

This complies with Recommendation 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

The Board is currently comprised of four directors, consisting of a non-executive Chairperson, two non-executive directors and the Managing Director. Based on key factors applied from box 2.3 referred to above, independent directors comprise the majority of the Board.

This complies with Recommendation 2.4 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

ROLE OF THE CHAIRPERSON

The Chairperson of the Company is an independent director, who is responsible for leading the effective and efficient conduct of all Board functions, including its key accountabilities for guiding the strategic direction of the Company and reporting to shareholders. Presently, the roles of Chairperson and Managing Director are not exercised by the same individual.

Decisions of the Board are decided by simple majority and in the event of an equality of votes, the Chairperson may exercise a casting vote. Any director and Board committee (if established) may obtain independent professional advice as considered necessary, with a copy of such advice to be made available to all directors.

This complies with Recommendation 2.5 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

INDUCTION OF DIRECTORS AND ONGOING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Company's program for the induction of new directors commences with a series of meetings between the new appointee and the Chairperson, Managing Director, Joint Company Secretaries and other members of the management team. The purpose of these meetings is to provide the new appointee with a comprehensive briefing on the Company, the business environment in which it operates and its Board governance processes. Following these initial meetings, the new appointee is provided with an opportunity to visit the Company's operations, in Australia and overseas (where possible), as well as to meet with key stakeholders such as investors, lenders, Government representatives and external advisers.

All directors are encouraged to participate in appropriate professional development opportunities each year to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to successfully perform their role as a director.

This complies with Recommendation 2.6 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly

COMPANY VALUES

The Company and its subsidiary companies are committed to conducting its business activities fairly and honestly, with a high level of integrity and in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Board, management and employees are dedicated to high ethical standards and recognise and support the Company's commitment to compliance with these standards.

The Company's values are set out in its Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) and are available on the Company's website. The Board and management continually reference such values.

This complies with Recommendation 3.1 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has a Code of Conduct that sets out the standards of behaviour that apply to every director and employee of the Company when conducting business and dealing with customers, colleagues and other stakeholders. The guiding principles of the Code of Conduct are:

- act with integrity and professionalism and be scrupulous in the proper use of Company information, funds, equipment and facilities;
- exercise fairness, equity, proper courtesy, consideration and sensitivity in dealing with customers, employees and other stakeholders; and
- avoid any real or perceived conflicts of interest.

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The Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website and any material breaches of the Code of Conduct are reported to the Board.

This complies with Recommendation 3.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION POLICY

The Company's Whistleblower Protection Policy (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Whistleblower Protection Policy are to be reported to the Board.

This complies with Recommendation 3.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

ANTI-BRIBERY AND ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICY

The Company's Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy are to be reported to the Board.

This complies with Recommendation 3.4 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

All directors and employees must avoid any personal, financial or other interest, which may be in conflict with their duties and responsibilities to the Company. Any interest, which may give rise to a conflict of interest, must be promptly disclosed. In the case of employees, disclosure is to be made to the Managing Director, in the case of directors, disclosure is to be made to the Chairperson and in the case of the Chairperson, disclosure is to be made to the Board.

Prior to accepting any external appointment, such as a directorship, employment arrangement, consulting engagement or conducting a business activity, all directors and employees must provide disclosure in accordance with the process above so that the Company can determine if such action might give rise to a present or potential conflict of interest. After consideration, the Company may require that the person either decline the appointment, cease involvement in the business activity, or alternatively resign from their role with the Company.

TRADING POLICY

A Trading Policy has been adopted by the Board that sets-out the requirements prescribed by the Company and at law for all director and employee dealings in the Company's securities. It also prescribes the additional securities trading restrictions applying to directors, officers, executives and certain employees who may, from time to time, be in possession of price-sensitive information.

Under the terms of the Trading Policy, specified persons are only permitted to trade in securities if they do not possess unannounced, price-sensitive information in relation to the securities and if the trading occurs outside of restricted periods.

Prior to a specified person dealing in the Company's securities, they must notify and obtain approval from the appropriate authorising officer of the Company, to confirm that there is no reason why the proposed trade should not occur. The notification to the authorising officer must state that the proposed purchase or sale is not as a result of access to, or being in possession of, any price-sensitive information that has not yet been announced to the ASX. The Company will notify the ASX in a timely manner of any transactions conducted by the directors in the securities of the Company.

The Trading Policy (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website.

Principle 4: Safeguarding the integrity of corporate reports

AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE

During the 2024 financial year, the Audit and Risk Committee consisted of three members and is chaired by independent non-executive director, Mr John Conidi. Mr Keith Jones was appointed a member of the Audit and Risk Committee effective from 23 May 2023. The Audit and Risk Committee Charter sets out its role, responsibilities and membership requirements.

To independently verify and safeguard the integrity of the Company's corporate reporting processes, the Audit and Risk Committee:

- engages external auditors with the necessary skills and experience to critically review annual and half year reports, together with the system of internal controls that support financial reporting processes;
- holds private discussions with the external auditors every 6 months to provide an opportunity for any concerns to be raised by the auditors, independent of management;
- considers the performance of the external auditors, the terms of engagement and any indications that the independence of the external auditors could be impaired;
- formally approves the appointment, removal and rotation of the external auditor; and
- obtains independent legal or professional advice on any matters that the Board considers may compromise the integrity of corporate reporting.

The Audit and Risk Committee Charter (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website.

For information on the skills, experience and expertise of the Audit and Risk Committee members, refer to the Directors' Report of the 2024 Annual Report. Details of the members and their attendance at meetings of the Audit and Risk Committee are included in the Directors' Report.

This complies with Recommendation 4.1 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

ASSURANCES FROM THE MANAGING DIRECTOR (CEO) AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO)

The Managing Director (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) are required to make a declaration in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act that the Company's financial reports present a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company in all material respects, are in accordance with relevant accounting standards and applicable regulations and are founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control that is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects and that the consolidated entity's statement gives a true and correct view of the information required in respect of each controlled entity.

For the year ended 30 June 2024, declarations were made by the Managing Director (CEO) and CFO.

This complies with Recommendation 4.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

EXTERNAL AUDITOR

The Company's external auditor is RSM Australia Partners. Under its Charter, the Audit and Risk Committee assumes responsibility for the appointment of RSM Australia Partners, approving the scope of the external audit process, assessing the conduct and outcomes of the external audit and considering the independence of RSM Australia Partners. Representatives from the Company's external auditor, RSM Australia Partners, attend the Annual General Meeting and are available to answer questions from shareholders relevant to the audit.

PERIODIC CORPORATE REPORTS

Processes are in place to verify the integrity of periodic corporate reports (as defined in the ASX Corporate Governance Principles) released to the ASX and not audited or reviewed by the external auditor. Examples of periodic corporate reports released by the Company include the directors' report in the annual report. The Company has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy which sets out how market announcements are reviewed and released.

The Managing Director, in conjunction with the Board, makes disclosure decisions, oversees the drafting of announcements and approves all ASX announcements. The Board is responsible for satisfying itself that the content of any announcement is accurate and not misleading.

ASX announcements are lodged on the market announcements platform by the Joint Company Secretaries.

The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy, which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.

This complies with Recommendation 4.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

The Company is committed to promoting investor confidence and ensuring that shareholders and other stakeholders are provided with accurate and timely information about the activities of the Company, the business environment in which it operates and the results of its operations. It has established a Continuous Disclosure Policy that sets out its processes for ensuring that:

- all directors and employees are informed of their continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act;
- relevant information about the activities of the Company is quickly brought to the attention of the Managing Director and/or the Board; and
- where disclosure is considered appropriate, either to comply with relevant obligations or to promote a more informed market among shareholders and stakeholders, then such disclosure occurs in a timely and informative manner.

The directors receive a copy of market announcements promptly after they have been released to the ASX.

The Continuous Disclosure Policy, which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.

This complies with Recommendations 5.1 to 5.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company believes that communicating with shareholders by electronic means, particularly through its website, is an efficient way of distributing information in a timely and convenient manner.

The Company's website includes the following pages, which contain relevant information for shareholders:

- announcements;
- presentations;
- annual, half-yearly and quarterly reports;
- broker/analyst reports published on the Company;

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- shareholder information section containing information regarding trading of Company securities, contacting the Company's share registry and updating shareholder communication elections; and
- corporate governance policies and practices of the Company.

The Company's website is updated with material released to the ASX as soon as practicable after confirmation of release by the ASX.

This complies with Recommendation 6.1 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS STRATEGY

The Company has established a Shareholder Communications Strategy that provides a framework for ensuring effective two-way communication with shareholders and other stakeholders. This is to ensure clear, unbiased and timely information is provided about the Company and its performance to enable users to make informed decisions. The key principles of the Shareholder Communications Strategy are:

- supporting shareholder participation at the Annual General Meeting by encouraging shareholders to submit questions prior to the meeting and providing an opportunity for questions to be asked during the meeting;
- ensuring the external auditor attends the Annual General Meeting so that financial reporting questions may be asked directly by shareholders;
- maintaining an informative and current range of information and reports about the Company for shareholders to access on the Company's website;
- including a link on ASX announcements to the Company's website so that shareholders can access further information where relevant; and
- providing a mechanism on the Company's website for shareholders to contact the Company directly and to sign-up to receive electronic delivery of its ASX announcements and periodic reports.

Shareholders are responsible for reviewing resolutions proposed by the Board at meetings of shareholders and for voting on such resolutions, including those relating to the appointment of directors from time to time. The Board informs shareholders of all major developments affecting the Company by the following means:

- half-yearly and annual financial reports;
- quarterly activity and cash flow reports;
- regular ASX announcements on the progress of the Company's business activities;
- maintaining a record of ASX announcements on the Company's website;
- providing explanatory information about the reasons and the effect of any material resolutions submitted to a vote of shareholders; and
- reporting to shareholders on the Company's activities at the Annual General Meeting.

The Shareholder Communications Strategy, which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.

This complies with Recommendation 6.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

The Company recognises the rights of shareholders and encourages the effective exercise of those rights through the following means:

- notices of meetings are distributed to shareholders in accordance with the provisions of the Corporations Act;
- notices of meetings and other meeting materials are drafted in concise and clear language;
- shareholders are encouraged to use their attendance at meetings to ask questions on any relevant matter, with time being specifically set aside for shareholder questions;
- if shareholders are unable to attend a meeting, notices of meetings encourage participation in voting on proposed resolutions by lodgement of proxies;

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- it is general practice for a presentation on the Company's activities to be made to shareholders at each Annual General Meeting; and
- it is both the Company's policy and the policy of the Company's auditor for the lead engagement partner to be present at the Annual General Meeting and to answer any questions on the audit and financial report.

This complies with Recommendation 6.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

VOTING AT SECURITY HOLDER MEETINGS

All substantive resolutions at securityholder meetings are decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.

This complies with Recommendation 6.4 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

The Company believes that communicating with shareholders by electronic means, particularly through its website, is an efficient way of distributing information in a timely and convenient manner. Security holders are afforded the option of having communications to and from the Company and its share registry electronically delivered.

This complies with Recommendation 6.5 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

RISK COMMITTEE

To ensure effective oversight of the Company's risk management framework, the Audit and Risk Committee:

- regularly reviews the Company's exposure to risks, the likelihood and potential impact of those risks and the adequacy of risk mitigation practices;
- receives reports from the external auditors every 6 months on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control framework supporting financial reporting and regulatory compliance risks;
- reviews and approves the annual insurance program which is based on advice from external insurance agents; and
- obtains independent legal, technical and commercial advice from external professionals to support decision-making in relation to matters of significant business risk.

The Board has established a Risk Management Policy which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan and is available on the Company's website.

This complies with Recommendation 7.1 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Board is responsible for setting the strategic direction of the Company and for creating and maintaining the environment and structures within which risk management practices can operate effectively. The Board sets the Company's risk appetite and risk tolerance.

The Managing Director is accountable to the Board for risk management processes that are designed to ensure that material risks relating to the Company's business activities and operating environment are identified, monitored and where appropriate, managed. In the course of its business, such as when undertaking an evaluation of new business prospects, conducting feasibility studies or preparing development plans, the Company undertakes an assessment of existing and potential risks across its business. This involves a consideration of the likelihood of occurrence, magnitude of impact and the level of internal risk tolerance at the time. Risk mitigation strategies are then developed to address

potentially significant risks identified through this process and these strategies are incorporated into the Company's operational plans and supporting financial management activities.

A review of the Company's risk management framework has been conducted during the year in conjunction with the Board's consideration and approval of the Company's business plans, budgets, financial reports and insurance programs. This review is conducted at least on an annual basis to ensure that the Company's risk management framework continues to be sound.

This complies with Recommendation 7.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board is responsible for the oversight of the Company's internal controls and ensuring that the Company has an effective internal control framework which includes measures designed to:

- improve the effectiveness and efficiency of material business processes;
- provide for the safeguarding of assets;
- enable compliance with regulatory requirements; and
- allow for the preparation of accurate and timely financial and non-financial information about the Company's performance.

Accountability for managing the internal control framework is delegated by the Board to the Managing Director.

Due to the Company's present size and the nature of its business activities, the Board does not consider that establishing a separate internal audit function is appropriate at this time. In the event that the Company believes it is beneficial to conduct such activities from time to time, it is able to draw upon the expertise of internal audit consultants.

To improve the effectiveness of risk management and internal control processes, the Board regularly reviews the reports and recommendations of the Managing Director, external auditors, lawyers, technical professionals and insurance agents to determine if modifications to the framework are required to appropriately mitigate and manage the Company's exposure to such risks as its business activities and operating environment change over time.

This complies with Recommendation 7.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

MATERIAL EXPOSURE TO ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL RISKS

As discussed above, the Company identifies and manages material exposures to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks in a manner consistent with its Risk Management Policy, which is available on the Company's website.

Material risks faced by the Company include the availability and cost of debt and equity funding, sovereign and regulatory risks, together with global business conditions within the markets in which it operates. Information about the management of these risks is set out in the Directors' Report of the Company's 2024 Annual Report.

The Company is committed to operating its business in line with the core principles of sustainable development, and to this end, has adopted a Sustainability Framework.

This complies with Recommendation 7.4 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

As noted above, the Board established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee in September 2023. The Committee is chaired by Mr Keith Jones, Independent Non-Executive Director.

To ensure that the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives is appropriate and not excessive, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee will regularly compare the remuneration of its directors and senior executives with that provided by similar organisations operating in comparable markets, taking into account the skills and experience of the relevant individuals, their responsibilities and performance. From time to time, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee will also obtain independent expert advice on the appropriateness of its remuneration practices.

No director or member of executive management is involved in the determination of his or her remuneration.

This complies with Recommendation 8.1 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

REMUNERATION FRAMEWORK

Remuneration is structured in order to attract and retain persons with the experience and skills necessary to oversee the Company's activities and to guide its growth and development into a successful vertically integrated international graphite business.

As the Company's key assets have not yet reached the operational phase, a greater emphasis is placed on rewarding performance through the award of equity in the Company that preserves cash resources and is directly linked to the creation of shareholder value. This promotes alignment between the objectives and interests of shareholders, directors and executives. The key principles that guide decisions about the Company's remuneration practices are:

- *fairness:* provide a fair level of reward that reflects market conditions;
- *transparency:* establish transparent links between reward and performance;
- *alignment:* promote mutually beneficial outcomes through alignment with shareholder interests; and
- *culture:* drive leadership performance and behaviours that promote safety, diversity and engagement.

The details of remuneration of the Managing Director and key management personnel are set out in the remuneration report included in the Directors' Report of the 2024 Annual Report.

This complies with Recommendation 8.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

The Company has adopted an equity-based remuneration scheme. The Company's Trading Policy prohibits the use of any derivatives or other products which operate to limit the economic risk of unvested securities through the scheme. The Corporate Governance Plan, which incorporates the Trading Policy, is available on the Company's website.

This complies with Recommendation 8.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

EcoGraf Limited

ABN/ARBN

15 117 330 757

Financial year ended:

30 June 2024

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

- These pages of our annual report:
- This URL on our website: <https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/>

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 27 September 2024 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 27 September 2024

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Andrew Spinks, Managing Director

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/	
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation **in full** for the **whole** of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “*insert location*” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate-governance/charters/”).

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council’s recommendations **in full** for the **whole** of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
<p>1.5 A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a diversity policy;</p> <p>(b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and</p> <p>(c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:</p> <p>(1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;</p> <p>(2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and</p> <p>(3) either:</p> <p>(A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</p> <p>(B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</p> <p>If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.</p>		<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/</p>
<p>1.6 A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/ and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process in our Corporate Governance Statement.</p>	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. 	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/ and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) have a nomination committee which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. 	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/ and we have disclosed the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our board skills matrix in our Corporate Governance Statement.	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at in our Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) in our Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report	
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our values in our code of conduct at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/	
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
3.3	A listed entity should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy. 	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/	
3.4	A listed entity should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy. 	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/	
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) have an audit committee which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. 	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/ and the information referred to in the Directors' Report, set out on pages 24 to 26 of the Annual Report.	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/	
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, <p>and disclose:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or <p>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.ecograf.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/ and we have disclosed the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework in our Corporate Governance Statement.	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks in our Corporate Governance Statement and in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report.	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵	
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a remuneration committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.ecograp.com.au/corporate-policies-governance/ and we have disclosed the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive in our Corporate Governance Statement.</p>	
8.2	<p>A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives in our Corporate Governance Statement and the Remuneration Report set out in the Annual Report.</p>	
8.3	<p>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <p>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it in our Corporate Governance Statement.</p>	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	Not applicable	
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	Not applicable	
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Not applicable	
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:</i> The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	Not applicable	
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:</i> An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	Not applicable	